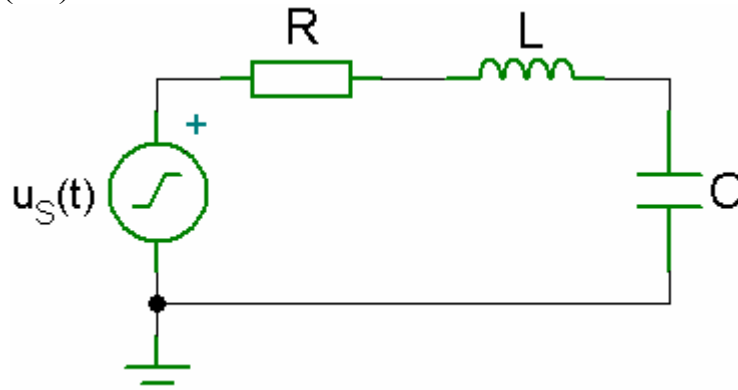


Resonance

Example

For the circuit shown below with using MATLAB plot the frequency dependency of the current magnitude and find the resonance frequency ω_r and the quality factor Q_r when $R = 5 \Omega$, $L = 20 \text{ mH}$, $C = 400 \mu\text{F}$ and $u_S(t) = 100 \sin(\omega t) \text{ V}$.



RLC Circuit

Solution

Using complex frequency representation, for the voltage source $u_S(t)$ the phasor is $U_S = 100 e^{j 0^\circ} = 100 \angle 0^\circ$. For the components R , L , C the complex impedances are

$$Z_R = R$$

$$Z_L = j \omega L$$

$$Z_C = 1 / (j \omega C)$$

The total complex impedance is

$$Z = Z_R + Z_L + Z_C$$

The current is

$$I = \frac{U_S}{Z}$$

The minimum value of Z exists just on condition that the imaginary part of Z equals zero:

$$\omega L - \frac{1}{\omega C} = 0$$

From the equation mentioned above, we get the resonance frequency

$$\omega_r = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}} = 353.55 \text{ rad/s}$$

The quality factor for the given circuit is

$$Q_r = \frac{\omega_r L}{R} = 1.4142 \text{ [1]}$$

The MATLAB program for solving this task is

MATLAB Script

```
clear; clc;
% this program computes resonance of RLC circuit
R = 5; % Ohms
L = 20e-3; % H
C = 400e-6; % F
Us = 100; % V
% vector of frequencies logarithmically equally spaced
% 1000 points between decades 10^0 and 10^5
w=logspace(0,5,1000);
% complex impedances
ZR=R; ZL=j*w*L;
ZC=1./(j*w*C); Z=ZR+ZL+ZC;
% current and voltages
I=Us./Z; UR=ZR.*I; UL=ZL.*I; UC=ZC.*I;
disp('The resonance frequency is'); wr=1/sqrt(L*C)
disp('The quality factor is'); Qr=wr*L/R
% graph
semilogx(w,abs(I),'linewidth',2);
xlabel('\omega [rad/s]'); ylabel('current magnitude [A]');
grid on;
```

The results obtained from MATLAB are

The resonance frequency is

```
wr =
    353.5534
```

The quality factor is

```
Qr =
    1.4142
```

The frequency dependency of the current magnitude obtained from MATLAB is

